

GENERAL INFORMATION, INSTRUCTIONS, AND DEFINITIONS FOR COMMISSION FOREIGN PRODUCER/EXPORTER QUESTIONNAIRES

STAINLESS STEEL BAR FROM BRAZIL, INDIA, JAPAN, AND SPAIN

Investigation Nos. 731-TA-678, 679, 681, and 682 (Second Review)

<u>Further information.</u>--If you have any questions concerning the enclosed questionnaire(s) or other matters related to these reviews, you may contact the following members of the Commission's staff (Fax 202-205-3205):

Christopher Cassise, investigator (202-708-5408; E-mail CHRIS.CASSISE@USITC.GOV) regarding general questions and trade and related information;

Steve Trost, economist (202-205-3220; E-mail STEVE.TROST@USITC.GOV) regarding pricing, market, and related information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--On February 21, 1995, the Department of Commerce issued antidumping duty orders on imports of stainless steel bar from Brazil, India, and Japan (60 F.R. 9661) and an antidumping duty order on imports of stainless steel bar from Spain on March 2, 1995 (60 F.R. 11656). On March 1, 2006, the Commission instituted second reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act) to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time (71 F.R. 10552). If the Commission makes affirmative determinations, the orders will remain in place. If the Commission makes negative determinations, the Department of Commerce will revoke the orders.

Additional questionnaires will be supplied promptly upon request, or photocopies of the enclosed questionnaire(s) may be used. Address all correspondence to the United States International Trade Commission, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired individuals can obtain information regarding these reviews via the Commission's TDD terminal (202-205-1810).

<u>Due date of questionnaire(s)</u>.--Return the completed questionnaire(s) to the United States International Trade Commission by no later than August 17, 2006. Although the enclosed postpaid envelope may be used to return the completed questionnaire, use of an overnight mail service may be necessary to ensure that your response actually reaches the Commission by August 17, 2006. If you do not use the enclosed envelope, please make sure the completed questionnaire is sent to the attention of Christopher Cassise. Return <u>only one</u> copy of the completed questionnaire(s), but please keep a copy for your records so that you can refer to it if the Commission staff contacts you with any questions during the course of the reviews.

<u>Service of questionnaire response(s)</u>.--In the event that your firm is a party to these reviews, you are required to serve a copy of the questionnaire(s), once completed, on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties is maintained by the Commission's Secretary and may be obtained by calling 202-205-1803. A certificate of service must accompany the copy of the completed questionnaire(s) you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7).

GENERAL INFORMATION--Continued

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to the enclosed questionnaire(s) that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, nonnumerical characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in the enclosed questionnaire(s) is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all your workpapers and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response(s).

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to the questionnaire(s), as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with the reviews, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with these reviews or other import-injury investigations or reviews conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions.—Do not leave any question or section blank unless a questionnaire expressly directs you to skip over certain questions or sections. If the answer to any question is "none," write "none." If information is not readily available from your records in exactly the form requested, furnish carefully prepared estimates—designated as such by the letter "E"—and explain the basis of your estimates. Answers to questions and any necessary comments or explanations should be supplied in the space provided or on separate sheets attached to the appropriate page of the questionnaire(s). If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire in connection with these reviews (i.e., a producer, importer, purchaser, and/or foreign producer questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions in the questionnaires.

INSTRUCTIONS--Continued

<u>Consolidate all establishments in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain</u>.--Report the requested data for your establishment(s) located in each of the following countries: Brazil, India, Japan, and Spain. Firms operating more than one establishment in a given country should combine the data for all establishments into a single report.

DEFINITIONS

<u>Stainless Steel Bar</u>:—Articles of stainless steel in straight lengths that have been either hot-rolled, forged, turned, cold-drawn, cold-rolled or otherwise cold-finished, or ground, having a uniform solid cross section along their whole length in the shape of circles, segments of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), triangles, hexagons, octagons or other convex polygons.

Stainless steel bar includes cold-finished stainless steel bar that is turned or ground in straight lengths, whether produced from hot-rolled bar or from straightened and cut rod or wire, and reinforcing bars that have indentations, ribs, grooves, or other deformations produced during the rolling process.

Except as specified above, the term does not include stainless steel semi-finished products, cut length flat-rolled products (i.e., cut length rolled products which if less than 4.75 mm in thickness have a width measuring at least 10 times the thickness, or if 4.75 mm or more in thickness having a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness), wire (i.e., cold-formed products in coils, of any uniform solid cross section along their whole length, which do not conform to the definition of flat-rolled products), and angles, shapes and sections.

Stainless steel bar is covered by HTS statistical reporting numbers 7222.11.0005, 7222.11.0050, 7222.19.0005, 7222.19.0050, 7222.20.0005, 7222.20.0045, 7222.20.0075, and 7222.30.0000.

<u>Hot-finished stainless steel bar</u>.—Stainless steel bar, as defined above, not further worked than hot-rolled, hot-drawn, or hot-forged (i.e., produced on a hammer mill), including both black bar and black bar that has been subjected to limited further processing, including annealing or other heat treatment, spot conditioning, straightening, or mechanical or chemical cleaning of surface oxides (shot blasting, rough turning, or pickling), and excluding process plate flats. Such product when sold on the open market generally meets ASTM A 484 specifications for hot-finished products but does not maintain the smooth finish or tight tolerances of a cold-finished product and thus, does not meet ASTM A 484 specifications for cold-finished stainless steel bar.

<u>Cold finished stainless steel bar</u>.—Stainless steel bar, as defined above, which has undergone a cold-finishing operation, including cold-rolling or cold drawing process, in order to improve surface appearance, dimensional tolerances, and grain orientation, and

DEFINITIONS--Continued

which may have been subjected to additional processing, including centerless grinding, smooth turning, polishing, re-annealing, or re-pickling. Cold-finished stainless steel bar meets or exceeds ASTM A 484 specifications for cold-finished stainless steel bar.

<u>Firm</u>.--An individual proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation (including any subsidiary corporation), business trust, cooperative, trustee in bankruptcy, or receiver under decree of any court.

Related firm.--A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

Establishment.--Each facility of a firm in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain involved in the production of stainless steel bar (as defined above), including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.

<u>United States</u>.--For purposes of these reviews, the 50 States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the District of Columbia.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing stainless steel bar (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

<u>Average production capacity</u>.--The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the specified periods. Assume normal operating conditions (i.e., using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate; normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year) and time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup; and a typical or representative product mix).

DEFINITIONS--Continued

Production.--All production in your establishment(s) in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain, including production consumed internally within your firm.

Shipments.--Shipments of products produced in your establishment(s) in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain.

Shipment quantities.--Quantities reported should be net of returns.

<u>Shipment values</u>.--Values reported should be net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in <u>U.S. dollars</u>, f.o.b. your point of shipment in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain.

Home market commercial shipments.--Shipments, other than internal consumption and transfers to related firms, within Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain.

<u>Home market internal consumption/transfers to related firms</u>.--Shipments made to related firms in Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain, including product consumed internally by your firm.

Export shipments.--Shipments to destinations outside Brazil, India, Japan, or Spain, including shipments to related firms.

Inventories.--Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.